JRY provides additional gainful employment for the unemployed and underemployed persons. Implementing agencies of the programme are village panchayats and DRDAs/Zilla Parishads. Under JRY programme during the year 1991-92, 8109.94 lakh mandays were generated in rural areas.

(c) The schemes envisage that works will not be undertaken through private agencies/contractors. Employment of labourers is done by village panchayats in respect of works undertaken in the villages in their jurisdiction and DRDA/Zilla Parishads in respect of works taken up by them.

(d) JRY has so far generated 21440 lakh mandays of gainful employment to people in rural areas during 1989-90; 90-91 and 91-92. The IRDP aims at providing self employment opportunities to the families below poverty line in rural areas and a total of 401.54 lakh families were asisted in this programme since 1980 to 31st March 1992. 50·77% of the families asisted in 1991-92 were SC/ST; 33% were women beneficiaries. Thus these major two rural development programmes have provided gainful employment to rural people.

कोल माइन इंजीनियरिंग वर्क्स एसोसिएशन के सुझाव

*33. **चौधरी हरमोहन सिंह :**
डा० जितेन्द्र कुमार जैन :

क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि कि कोल माइन इंजिनियरिंग वर्क्स एसोशिएशन ने हाल ही में बेकार खर्चों को समाप्त करने के लिए कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड को कतिपय सुझाव भेजे हैं ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो मुख्य सुझाव क्या हैं और उन्हें कार्यरूप देने से इस उपक्रम में हर वर्ष कितनी बचत होने का अनुमान है ; और

(ग) क्या सरकार दिए गए सुझावों को कार्यान्वित करने पर सहमत हो गई है और यदि नहीं तो विलम्ब के क्या कारण हैं ?

कोयला मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री तथा श्रम मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री का अतिरिक्त प्रभार (श्री पी० ए० संगमा) : (क) जी, हां ।

(ख) और (ग) इस संबंध में दिए गए सुझावों की मुख्य मदें नीचे दी गई हैं :-

तकनीकी परामर्शदात्री समितियों की स्थापना—

यूनिट स्तर पर नियंत्रण कक्ष—

मशीनों और अतिरिक्त कलपुर्जों की खरीद के लिए निम्न कोटेशन पद्धति का परिसमापन—

एक वर्ष की अवधि में एक महीने के लिए इंजिनीयरिंग कार्मिकों का प्रशिक्षण—

अनुरक्षण कार्यों का विभागीयकरण—

मशीनों के कार्यभार को सौंपने की एक पद्धति की शुरुआत—

प्रत्येक मशीन, आदि के लिए लॉग बुक का रखरखाव और प्रशिक्षित तकनीशियनों की तैनाती ।

कोल माइन्स इंजिनीयरिंग वर्क्स एसोसिएशन के सुझावों में कोई बात नई नहीं है और कोल इंन्डिया लि० प्रबन्धन इन सभी सुझावों पर तथा उन सुझावों पर जो कि और प्राप्त हुए है कार्यवाही कर रहा है ।

Revision of industries eligible for automatic approval for foreign collaboration

*34. SHRI N. GIRI PRASAD:
SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided to revise the list of inductries eligible for automatic approval for technology colla-

boration and 51 per cent foreign equity participation; and

(b) if so, what were the items included in the earlier list and what changes are proposed to be made therein?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) and (b) Under the new industrial Policy announced on July 24. 1991, 34 groups of industries are eligible for automatic approval of foreign technology agreements and for foreign equity participation upto 51 per cent. Subsequently, computer software was added to this list of industries. A detailed description of the various items covered by this list was issued under the Indian Trade Classification (Harmonised System). A rationalisation of these items has now been done and a revised list has been issued on June 24, 1992. There has been no change in the groups of industries eligible for automatic approval of foreign technical collaboration or foreign equity participation.

Attack on Indians in Afghanistan

*35. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM:
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR.

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that the Indians (Hindu and Sikhs) residing in Afghantistan including diplomats are being tortured, killed and their valuables, properties etc. looted since the formation of the new Government in Afghanistan;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether Government propose to hold negotiations with Afghanistan Government to ensure safety of Indians residing there;

(d) if so, by when and the details of the steps Government propose to take in this regard; and

(e) the number of Indians living in Afghanistan and the number of those who have fled from there since the formation of the new Government there?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA): (a) and (b) Government are aware that given the unsettled and disturbed conditions in Kabul, there have been some incidence of theft and lootings involving Indian nationals and personnel of our Embassy. No Indian national or diplomat has been tortured or killed.

Afghan nationals of Indian origin have also been the victims of such incidents. Government have confirmed reports of seven casualties among them.

(c) and (d) Government have already taken up this matter with the Afghan Government who have expressed their determination to take all possible steps to safeguard the lives and poroperty of Indians as well as of Afghan nationals of Indian origin.

(e) Of the 125 Indian nationals in Kabul, all but 18 have returned to India. The number of Afghan nationals of Indian origin is estimated to be around 30-40 thousand. Of these, since May, 1992, between 150-200 have been leaving Kabul for Delhi by air each week. Some others have also arrived by the land route.

Scheme for Revival of IDPL

*36. SHRI S. MADHAVAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Indian Drugs and Pharmaceuticals Limited has submitted any rehabilitation scheme to revive the unit;

(b) if so what are the details thereof; and

(c) what steps are being taken by Government to produce essential and life-saving drugs through IDPL?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI CHINTA MOHAN): (a) to (c) Indian Drugs and Pharmaceuticals Limited has, as a part of the proposal of Capital restructuring, furnished an Action Plan for Revival.